

Consolidated Financial Statements

As at and for the nine months ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in United States dollars, unless otherwise noted)

NOTICE

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements, then these financial statements must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the interim condensed consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

Xali Gold Corp. **Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**

At December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2024 (expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise noted)

As at			December 31,		March 31,
	Notes		2024		2024
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash		\$	7,632	\$	16,299
Receivables			6,722		6,997
Prepaid expenses and deposits			19,682		9,189
			34,036		32,485
Non-current assets					
Unproven mineral right interests	4		2		2
Property and equipment	5		628,418		628,418
Total non-current assets			628,420		628,420
Total assets		\$	662,456	\$	660,905
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,6,8	\$	4,725,293	\$	5,234,427
Loan payable			20,000		20,000
Loans from related party	8		64,787		25,253
			4,810,080		5,279,680
Non-current liabilities					
Asset retirement obligations	5		91,900		91,900
Total liabilities			4,901,980		5,371,580
Shareholders' deficit					
Share capital	7		25,789,336		25,682,237
Obligation to issue shares	7		19,000		-
Reserves	7		6,132,716		5,987,141
Deficit			(36,180,576)		(36,380,053)
Total shareholders' deficit			(4,239,524)		(4,710,675)
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit		\$	662,456	\$	660,905
Nature of operations and going concern	1				
Subsequent events	12				
Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors on Mar	ch 3, 2025				
(signed) Larry Kornze		(sigr	ned) George Ell	iott	
Director			otor		

Director

(signed) George Elliott Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Xali Gold Corp. Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss For the three and nine months ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise noted)

	Three months ended December 31,			Nine months ended December 31,					
	Notes		2024	,			2024		2023
Expenses									
Exploration expenses	10	\$	73,212	\$	95,026	\$	240,606	\$	236,859
General and administrative expenses	4,10		3,889		83,436		105,990		260,094
			77,101		178,462		346,596		496,953
Other expenses									
Casua Royalty buyback	4		-		22,934		-		22,934
Recovery on Impairment	7		-		-		-		(98,800)
Loss (gain) on foreign exchange	4		21,392		(2,860)		(546,073)		(21,604)
Income (loss) for the period		\$	(98,493)	\$	(198,536)	\$	199,477	\$	(399,483)
Other comprehensive income (loss)									
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:									
Foreign currency translation			97,424		15,858		136,620		(48,486)
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period		\$	(1,069)	\$	(182,678)	\$	336,097	\$	(447,969)
Gain (loss) per share attributable to shareholders, basic and diluted		\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	0.00	\$	(0.00)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted			142,416,840		139,427,883		142,010,906		139,362,540

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Xali Gold Corp. **Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficit** For the nine months ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise noted)

		Share C	apital			Reserve	S				
	- Note	Total common shares	Share capital	cor	uity settled employee npensation id warrants	Other reserve	Foreign currency reserve	Total reserves	Obligation to issue shares		Total
Balance at March 31, 2023		139,230,311	\$ 25,673,260	\$	6,065,047	\$ 52,046 \$	(124,724)	5,992,369	\$-	\$ (35,437,267)	\$ (3,771,638)
Shares issued for property	7	100,000	2,934		-	-	-	-	-	-	2,934
Shares issued for services		159,529	10,164		-	-	-	-	-	-	10,164
Share-based payments		-	-		6,886	-	-	6,886	-	-	6,886
Loss for the period		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	(399,483)	(399,483)
Foreign currency translation loss		-	-		-	-	(48,486)	(48,486)	-	-	(48,486)
Balance at December 31, 2023		139,489,840	25,686,358		6,071,933	52,046	(173,210)	5,950,769	-	(35,836,750)	(4,199,623)
Balance at March 31, 2024		139,489,840	\$ 25,682,237	\$	6,072,919	\$ 52,046 \$	(137,824)	\$ 5,987,141	\$-	\$ (36,380,053)	\$ (4,710,675)
Obligation to issue shares	7	-	-		-	-	-	-	19,000	-	19,000
Shares issued for services	7	2,927,000	107,099		-	-	-	-	-	-	107,099
Share-based payments	7	-	-		8,955	-	-	8,955	-	-	8,955
Income for the period		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	199,477	199,477
Foreign currency translation gain		-	-		-	-	136,620	136,620	-	-	136,620
Balance at December 31, 2024		142,416,840	\$ 25,789,336	\$	6,081,874	\$ 52,046 \$	(1,204)	\$ 6,132,716	\$ 19,000	\$ (36,180,576)	\$ (4,239,524)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Xali Gold Corp. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the nine months ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (expressed in United States dollars unless otherwise noted)

	Nin	e months ended	December 31
		2024	2023
Cash provided by (used) in			
Operating			
Income (loss) for the period	\$	199,477 \$	(399,483)
Items not affecting cash:			
Share-based payments		8,955	6,886
Shares issued for consulting services		-	10,164
Royalty buyback		-	2,934
Foreign exchange		(509,411)	(84,469)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			
Receivables		275	8,182
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(32,441)	(13,768)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		264,473	442,470
Net cash used in operating activities		(68,672)	(27,084)
lassa atin a			
Investing Option permente received			75.000
Option payments received		-	75,000
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		-	75,000
Financing activites			
Obligation to issue shares		19,000	-
Loan payable		-	3,780
Loan repayment to related party		(3,128)	(3,416)
Loan from related party		44,133	3,777
Net cash provided by financing activities		60,005	4,141
Net change in cash		(8,667)	52,057
Cash at beginning of period		16,299	37,025
Cash at end of period	\$		\$ 89,082
Suplemental cash flow information			
Shares issued for services	\$	107,099 \$	10,164

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

1. Nature of operations and going concern

Xali Gold Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") are engaged in the exploration of mineral right interests in Mexico and Peru. The Company was incorporated on April 24, 2009 under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia. The Company's common shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV") under the trading symbol XGC.V. The Company's office is located at Suite 1100, 1111 Melville Street, Vancouver, BC, V6E 3V6, Canada.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assume that the Company will continue operations for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations as they come due. For the nine months ended December 31, 2024, the Company had a net income of \$199,477 and, as at December 31, 2024, the Company has a working capital deficit of \$4,776,044, and an accumulated deficit of \$36,180,576. The Company does not generate cash flows from operations and accordingly, the Company will need to raise additional funds through the issuance of securities, resource secured debt or joint venture projects. Although, the Company has been successful in raising funds in the past there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise sufficient funds in the future, in which case the Company may be unable to meet its obligations as they come due in the normal course of business. In addition, the Company is subject to sovereign risk, including political and economic instability, changes in existing government regulations relating to mining, as well as currency fluctuations and local inflation. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Should the Company be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, the net realizable value of its assets may be materially less than the amounts on the consolidated statement of financial position.

There are many external factors that can adversely affect general workforces, economies, and financial markets globally. Examples include, but are not limited to, the political conflict in other regions. It is not possible for the Company to predict the duration or magnitude of adverse results of such external factors and their effect on the Company's business or ability to raise funds.

2. Statement of compliance and basis of presentation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS issued by the IASB.

3. Material accounting policy information

Accounting pronouncements with future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

4. Unproven mineral right interests

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's capitalized unproven mineral right interests costs are as follows:

	December 3	March 31, 2024		
Mexican Properties				
El Oro - Hardrock	\$	1	\$	1
Peruvian Properties		1		1
Closing balance	\$	2	\$	2

Mexican Properties:

El Oro – Hardrock

On January 31, 2017, the Company acquired the remaining 30% interest in the El Oro Project (the "El Oro Project") in Mexico (the "Transferred Interest") from Desarrollos Mineros San Luis, S.A. de C.V. ("DMSL"), a subsidiary of Newmont Corp. (formerly Goldcorp Inc.) ("Newmont"). The Company now holds a 100% interest in the El Oro Project as it had previously earned a 70% interest in the El Oro Project from Newmont. As consideration for the acquisition of the Transferred Interest, the Company agreed to issue to DMSL (or its nominee) an aggregate of 5,000,000 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$1,343,305.

The property consists of twenty-six claims and is subject to two 3% net smelter return ("NSR") royalty agreements. One agreement is on twenty of the twenty-six claims and the other is on twelve of the twenty-six claims. During the year ended March 31, 2019, the carrying value of the El Oro Project was impaired to \$1.

For the year ended March 31, 2017, bi-annual land holding payments were made by Newmont. When the Company acquired the remaining 30% of the El Oro property in January 2017, these payments became the responsibility of the Company, and, as at December 31, 2024, \$3,003,520 (March 31, 2024 - \$3,388,953) (Note 6), has been accrued as a liability to the Mexican government for land holding costs. The Company has received a legal opinion advising that according to Mexican law only fees accruing for five years are payable. The Company is investigating this further with the understanding that the amount accrued as owing for Mining Fees may be reduced by \$958,872 in the future. According to the Federal Tax Code (CFF) Article 146 titled Prescription (Write Off) of the Tax Credit, "The tax credit is extinguished by prescription within the term of five years." In other words, at the end of this period of time the Tax Administration Service (SAT) will not have the right to demand payment of the corresponding amounts. In addition, the agreement described below with Rio Verde Resources provides for Rio Verde to take responsibility for current and past fees owing on many of the El Oro Claims.

During the year ended March 31, 2014, the Company signed an agreement with the Municipality of El Oro ("Municipality") that provides the Company with the access and processing rights to tailings deposits in El Oro, Mexico (the "Tailings Project"). Upon signing the agreement, \$25,000 was due and paid with monthly contributions of \$3,000 for community projects. The Municipality cancelled the obligation to pay \$3,000 per month in April 2015, when their tourist activities in the San Juan tunnel started interfering with normal usage of the tunnel by the Company. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will pay an 8% net profits interest ("NPI") royalty to the Municipality on any products produced from the tailings properties. The Company is entitled to retain the first \$1,500,000 of the 8% NPI payable to the Municipality.

4. Unproven mineral right interests (continued)

El Oro – Mine Tailings

On March 8, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement with Sun River Gold Corp. ("SRG") to grant SRG the option to earn a 51% interest in the Company's tailings project through an indirect ownership of the Company's Mexican subsidiary, CCM El Oro Jales. On November 9, 2018, the 2016 agreement was superseded by a definitive agreement with the following terms: SRG was required to make staged payments totaling \$300,000 (paid), over a period of fifteen months; bring the mine tailings properties into commercial production within 36 months of the effective date of the option agreement; and grant to the Company a 10% NPI royalty on production from the properties. The definitive agreement allowed SRG to reduce the NPI payable to the Company from 10% to 5% by paying an additional \$200,000 (paid).

Several extensions were granted for various extra pre-production NPI payments however the last extension which required that SRG bring the mine tailings properties into commercial production by December 31, 2023 or June 30, 2024 for an additional payment of \$50,000 was not met and therefor the Company formally terminated the agreement with SRG on April 15, 2024 after giving more than sufficient notice of default of their obligations under their agreement. Payments made by SRG to the Company between March 2016 and June 2023 totalled \$688,600.

The tailings agreement signed in 2019 with the Municipality, is to be ratified every three years, when the municipality elects a new President and Council Members. On March 31, 2022, the Company renewed both the tailings agreement and the tourism agreement with the Municipality. The terms of the Agreements have no substantial changes but do include the obligation to employ persons from El Oro on a preferential basis.

Agreement with Kappes, Cassiday & Associates ("KCA")

On April 15, 2024, the Company signed a binding Letter of Intent to enter a Purchase Agreement (the "LOI Agreement") KCA on the Mexican Mine Tailings Reprocessing Project at El Oro (the "El Oro Tailings Project") in Mexico.

In order to earn 100% interest in the El Oro Tailings Project, KCA has agreed to:

- Pay the Company \$25,000 upon signing (received);
- Pay the Company an additional \$25,000 within three months after signing the LOI Agreement; (received).
- Pay the Company \$100,000 within six months after signing the LOI Agreement. (received).

Once production begins, KCA will pay the Company a gross royalty equal to 4% of the sales income ("NSR") received from the gold and silver produced from the El Oro Tailings Project, less any royalties due and payable to others, but in no case less than a 3% gross royalty.

KCA has the right at any time to buy a 1% royalty from the Company for \$1,000,000, which would lower the NSR from 4% to 3% of the sales income received from the gold and silver produced from the Project, less any royalties due and payable to others, but in no case less than a 2% royalty.

4. Unproven mineral right interests (continued)

Agreement with Kappes, Cassiday & Associates ("KCA") (continued)

KCA will make minimum royalty payments of \$50,000 every six months commencing six months from signing the LOI agreement, until a total royalty payment of \$1,000,000 has been paid to the Company, royalty payments on production will continue past that point.

KCA will also be obligated to pay the Municipality of El Oro an 8% Net Profits Interest ("NPI") on production from the Tailings or renegotiate this with the Municipality, and the Company has the right to receive the first \$1,500,000 from the Municipality of El Oro's 8% NPI.

Agreement with Rio Verde Resources ("Rio Verde") and Remedioambiente S.A. de C.V. ("Remedioambiente")

In July 2024, the Company signed a legally binding Letter of Intent ("LOI") with Rio Verde Resources granting them the exclusive right to explore and extract gold, silver and any other economic minerals that may be found above the 2400 meter ("m") level in the historic workings covered by the El Oro 5 Concessions in exchange for payment of a 3% Net Smelter Return ("NSR") to Xali Gold. Rio Verde later advised the Company that it is forming a Mexican subsidiary called Remedioambiente S.A. de C.V. to operate the Mexican portion of this agreement. (Note 12).

The initial agreement has a term of five years which may be extended for an additional five years providing Xali Gold is receiving benefits totaling \$1 Million ("M") per year. Xali Gold retains the exclusive ownership of all mineral bodies discovered or delineated below the 2400 m level.

The LOI shall initially pertain to only the five mining concessions of El Carmen, El Oro VII, Dos Estrellas 77 Fracc.1, Dos Estrellas 77 and Dos Estrellas 77 Fracc. II. located in the State of Mexico and Michoacán, Mexico. Remedioambiente shall maintain the concessions in good standing during this period, by paying the semi-annual concession fees, by incurring the minimum investments and the corresponding filings with the Mexican Mines Bureau, by making the filings of statistical reports and by paying the Governmental Royalties. By entering into this LOI, Rio Verde is obligated to pay past fees owing on the five concessions named above which could total \$300,000 and may also pay the past fees for other claims that are part of the El Oro Property.

Funds provided for past concession fees will be provided as participation in a Private Placement in Xali Gold under the following terms: A Unit comprising one share and one-half warrant will be priced at CAD\$0.05. A full warrant will be exercisable at CAD\$0.10 per share for two years. Xali Gold will grant Rio Verde the right to participate in future Private Placements, terms of which will be in the context of the market at the time when the funds are provided. Such funds are expected to come from income generated from operations on the five concessions and will be used to assist Xali Gold in paying off the remaining fees due on the rest of the El Oro Property.

Remedioambiente has also been granted the right to appoint an additional member to the Board of Xali Gold and to the position of Chair of the Board, when Remedioambiente holds greater than 20% of the outstanding shares in the Company, provided that person is deemed qualified by the current Board of Xali Gold.

Peruvian Properties:

During the year ended March 31, 2024, the Company bought back a 1.5% Net Smelter Return ("NSR") royalty granted over the Casua Property (the "Property") from Minera Silex Peru S.R.L., (parent "Golden Minerals"). The property had been acquired from Golden Minerals in 2010 by issuing 60,000 shares and granting the NSR.

4. Unproven mineral right interests (continued)

Peruvian Properties (continued)

Buy back terms of the NSR include:

- i. cash consideration in the aggregate amount of \$20,000;
- ii. 100,000 common shares in the capital of the Company ("Consideration Shares") to be issued by the Company to Golden Minerals Company ("Golden Minerals"); and
- iii. 300,000 Consideration Shares to be issued by the Company to Golden Minerals in the event that 10,000 meters of drilling is successfully completed on the Property, or on an earlier date mutually agreed upon by the parties; and iv. 600,000 Consideration Shares to be issued by the Company to Golden Minerals in the event that the Company obtains a PEA (Preliminary Economic Assessment) or other positive engineering study in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") over any or all of the Property, or on an earlier date mutually agreed upon by the parties.

On November 28, 2023, the Company signed an Option Agreement with Barrick Gold Corporation ("Barrick") on the Tres Marias Property located in southern Peru. Barrick must pay the Company a total of \$175,000 over a 5-year period (\$100,000 received) and spend \$500,000 in exploration work to earn 100% of the Property subject to the Company retaining a 1.5% NSR royalty. Barrick has the right to purchase 1%, of the NSR royalty for \$750,000, which would decrease the Company's NSR royalty from 1.5% to 0.5%. Barrick has since dropped the option and returned the property to the Company.

During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded an impairment loss of \$284,576, as the Company has no immediate plans to pursue the property; however, the Company will maintain the title to the property and will continue to seek opportunities.

5. Equipment

SDA plant

As of December 31, 2024, the Company owns 50% of The San Dieguito de Arriba Plant ("SDA Plant"), a processing plant located in San Dieguito de Arriba, Nayarit State, Mexico. The plant comprises equipment, tools, supporting infrastructure and other facilities required to process ore and recover precious and base metals in the form of flotation concentrates. The plant also includes a precious metals leach circuit - Merrill Crowe system and associated assets, licences and agreements.

	Equipment	SDA plant	Total
Cost		-	
As at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2024	\$ 5,745	\$ 628,418	\$ 634,163
Accumulated depreciation			
As at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2024	\$ (5,745)	\$ -	\$ (5,745)
Net book value			
As at March 31, 2024	-	628,418	628,418
As at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2024	\$ -	\$ 628,418	\$ 628,418

A continuity schedule of the Company's equipment is as follows:

The SDA Plant requires certain restorations to be commissioned, accordingly, no depreciation was recorded as of December 31, 2024

5. Equipment (continued)

Agreement with Grupo Minero WIYA ("WIYA")

In December 2023, the Company has entered into an agreement with WIYA to operate the San Dieguito de Arriba ("SDA") Plant in Nayarit, Western Mexico. The first payment of \$150,000 was received on December 14, 2023.

Terms of the agreement are as follows:

- WIYA agrees to pay \$150,000 per month for 10 months (in default);
- Upon completion of paying a total of \$1,500,000 within 12 months, WIYA would have the right to own the SDA Plant;
- In addition to making monthly payments, WIYA will be obligated to complete all repairs and permitting to get the SDA Plant into operation. (completed); and
- The profits from the transaction will be shared equally with Magellan Acquisition Corp. ("Magellan"), as the Company and Magellan each own 50% of the SDA plant as per the earn in agreement with Magellan.

As of December 31, 2024 the Company had been advised that weekly regular payments will commence shortly.

Asset retirement obligation

The asset retirement obligation represents the estimated costs for required future reclamation and restoration activities. These activities include removal of site structures and infrastructure, recontouring and revegetation of previously used areas and the management of water and water quality in and around the site. Most of the reclamation and site restoration expenditures occur near the end of, or after, the life of the asset which is yet to be determined.

Asset retirement obligation balance as at December 31, 2024 is \$91,900 (March 31, 2024 - \$91,900).

6. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	De	ecember 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Trade payables	\$	417,485 \$	641,483
Due to directors and officers (Note 8)		534,938	503,147
Due to Alta Copper Corp.		647,345	668,975
Accrued liabilities - mining fees - El Oro (Note 4)		3,003,520	3,388,953
Accued liabilities - other		122,005	31,869
	\$	4,725,293 \$	5,234,427

7. Share capital and equity reserve

a. Shares authorized

The Company has an unlimited number of common shares with no par value.

7. Share capital and equity reserve (continued)

b. Shares issued

As at December 31, 2024, the Company had 142,416,840 (March 31, 2024 – 139,489,840) common shares issued and outstanding.

During the nine months ended December 31, 2024, the Company issued:

On May 10, 2024, 2,927,000 common shares were issued to settle amounts owing to a former chief financial officer ("CFO") of the Company for services in the amount of \$107,099.

c. Share options

The Company has an incentive share option plan (the "Plan"). Under the Plan a total of 10% of the Company's outstanding common shares are reserved for the issuance of shares at discretion of the Board of Directors. Terms of each option award is fixed by the Board of Directors at time of grant. Share option awards have a maximum term of ten years.

Share option transactions for the nine months ended December 31, 2024 were as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price (CAD\$)
Options outstanding March 31, 2024	8,725,000	0.05
Options expired	(250,000)	0.05
Options granted	4,100,000	0.05
Options outstanding December 31, 2024	12,575,000	0.05
Options exercisable December 31, 2024	8,475,000	0.05

As at December 31, 2024, the following share options were exercisable and outstanding:

	Outsta	anding	Exercisa	able
Expiry date	Exercise price (CAD\$)	Number of options	Exercise price (CAD\$)	Number of options
20-May-26	0.05	4,400,000	0.05	4,400,000
28-Feb-27	0.05	250,000	0.05	250,000
18-Jan-26	0.05	3,125,000	0.05	3,125,000
01-Apr-26	0.05	200,000	0.05	200,000
19-Oct-27	0.07	500,000	0.07	500,000
18-Dec-29	0.05	4,100,000	0.05	-
	0.05	12,575,000	0.05	8,475,000

The average remaining life of the share options is 2.53 years as at December 31, 2024.

The Company recorded share-based payments of \$8,955 for share options vested during the nine months ended December 31, 2024 (2023 - \$6,886) (Note 10).

The fair value of the stock options granted are determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing mode, assuming no expected dividends or forfeitures.

7. Share capital and equity reserve (continued)

d. Warrants

As of December 31, 2024, the Company has no outstanding warrants.

e. Reserves

Other reserve:

Other reserve records the reserve resulting from the acquisition of subsidiaries.

Equity settled employee compensation and warrants reserve:

Equity settled employee compensation and warrants reserve consists of share-based payments expense and other warrant payments. When stock options or warrants are exercised, the corresponding amount will be transferred from this reserve to share capital.

Foreign currency reserve:

Foreign currency reserve records unrealized exchange differences arising on translation of group companies that have a functional currency other than the Company's reporting currency.

8. Related party disclosures

Key management personnel are the persons responsible for the planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company and includes directors, executive officers, and entities controlled by such persons.

a. Related party transactions

The Company incurred the following compensation with companies controlled by members of management and with directors, which has been recorded as general and administrative expenses:

	Nine months ended December 31,						
		2024		2023			
Management fees	\$	68,654	\$	65,466			
Accounting fees to a company controlled by the CFO		25,116		-			
Share-based payments (fair value of stock options)		8,955		6,886			
	\$	102,725	\$	72,352			

8. Related party disclosures (continued)

b. Balance owing

As at December 31, 2024, the following Loans from related party and accounts payable and accrued liabilities were outstanding:

	Decer	December 31, December 31,		,	March 31,	March 31,
		2024	2024	1	2024	2024
		Loans	Accounts	S	Loans	Accounts
		from	payable and	ł	from	payable and
		related	accrued	ł	related	accrued
		party	liabilities	5	party	liabilities
Chief financial officer	\$	-	\$ 27,366	3 \$	-	\$ 11,070
To a company controlled by the CFO		-	14,82 ⁻	I	-	3,121
To a company controlled by the CEO)	61,312	316,242	2	21,564	331,791
Director		3,475		-	3,689	-
Geological consulting and technical						
officer		-	176,509	•	-	157,165
		64,787	534,938		25,253	503,147

Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.

9. Segmented information

The Company operates in one segment, the exploration of mineral properties. The Company operates in two geographical areas, being Peru and Mexico. Following is an analysis of the Company's non-current assets by geographical area:

			De	cember 31, 2024
	Mexico	Peru		Total
Unproven mineral right interests (Note 4)	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$	2
Equipment (Note 5)	628,418	-		628,418
	\$ 628,419	\$ 1	\$	628,420

10. General and Administrative Expenses

		Three months ended December 31,				Nine months ended December 31,			
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE									
Accounting, audit and tax advisory fees	\$	14,306	\$	23,376	\$	75,591	\$	92,704	
Bank charges and interest		1,130		611		2,875		1,514	
Consulting		-		(3,500)		-		-	
Legal		20,094		13,497		23,400		16,599	
Management fees, office salaries and benefits (Note 8)		8,540		17,574		57,218		65,465	
Office, rent and miscellaneous		8,630		6,940		16,374		18,243	
Regulatory and filing fees		14,818		10,470		28,671		19,351	
Share-based payments (Notes 7,8)		8,752		1,280		8,955		6,886	
Shareholder communications		22,112		12,790		36,268		38,160	
Interest and other expense (income)		(94,493)		398		(143,362)		1,172	
Total general and administrative expenses (income)	\$	3,889	\$	83,436	\$	105,990	\$	260.094	

	Three months ended December 31,				Nine months ended December 31,			
	2024		2023		2024		2023	
EXPLORATION								
Field support including project administration	\$ 3,929	\$	19,393	\$	16,325	\$	35,671	
Mining fees - El Oro	69,283		74,767		224,281		228,589	
Amortization	-		866		-		2,599	
Option payments received (Note 4)	-		-		-		(30,000)	
Total exploration expenses	\$ 73,212	\$	95,026	\$	240,606	\$	236,859	

11. Financial risk and capital management

The Company is exposed to certain financial risks in the normal course of its operations:

a. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The liquidity position of the Company is managed to ensure sufficient liquid funds are available to meet financial commitments in a timely and cost-efficient manner.

The Company's management continually reviews the liquidity position including cash flow forecasts to determine the forecast liquidity position and maintain appropriate liquidity levels. The Company plans to make payments of trade payables and commitments from its current working capital and future sources of equity financing. As at December 31, 2024, the Company has cash of \$7,632 which is not sufficient to settle current liabilities totalling \$4,810,080; accordingly, liquidity risk is considered to be high.

11. Financial risk and capital management (continued)

b. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that arises on financial instruments that are denominated in a currency, i.e., in a currency other than the functional currency in which they are measured.

The Company operates internationally and is exposed to risks from foreign currency rates. The functional currency of the Company's subsidiaries is the United States and Canadian dollars and some of the subsidiaries' transactions are denominated in Mexican Pesos and Peruvian Nuevo Soles. The Company does not enter into any foreign exchange contracts to mitigate this risk. The Company and its subsidiaries do not have significant transactions or hold significant cash denominated currencies other than their functional currencies. The balance owing for mining fees at December 31, 2024 is \$3,003,520. Therefore, a 10% change in the value of the Mexican Peso versus the US dollar would change the Company's net gain or loss by approximately \$300,352.

c. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the Company by failing to discharge its obligations. Credit risk arises from cash. Cash are deposited in highly rated corporations and the credit risk associated with these deposits is low.

The Company has little significant credit risk related to its trade receivables as amount is immaterial and all of them are owed by one customer. To date, all outstanding trade receivable amounts have been collected.

d. Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. Commodity price risk is the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value of its exploration and evaluation assets, due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company monitors commodity prices (primarily gold and silver) to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

e. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risks.

f. Fair value hierarchy

The consolidated statements of financial position carrying amounts for cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and loans payable, approximate fair value due to their short-term nature.

The following provides a description of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

11. Financial risk and capital management (continued)

g. Capital management

The Company's capital structure is comprised of the components of shareholders' deficiency. The Company's objectives when managing its capital structure is to, maintain financial flexibility to preserve the Company's access to capital markets and its ability to meet its financial obligations.

The Company's corporate office is responsible for capital management. This involves the use of corporate forecasting models, which facilitate analysis of the Company's financial position including cash flow forecasts to determine the future capital management requirements.

In preparing its budgets and corporate forecasting models, the Company considers operating commitments imposed by its subsidiaries and the stability of the global capital markets.

Capital management is undertaken to ensure a secure, cost-effective supply of funds to ensure the Company's operating and capital expenditure requirements are met.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year and the Company is not subject to any restrictions on its capital.

12. Subsequent events

a) In January 2025 the Company announced that a Definitive Agreement (the "Agreement") has been agreed to with Remedioambiente S.A. de C.V. ("Remedioambiente") allowing them to start underground test work at El Oro, Mexico. The initial work will focus on identifying the most effective recovery methods for gold and silver as well as establishing the best underground access. The Company is to be paid a Net Smelter Return ("NSR") of approximately 3% on all gold and silver recovered by Remedioambiente from the historic workings above the 2400 metre ("m") level.

The Agreement supersedes the binding Letter of Intent ("LOI") dated July 22, 2024 and provides for an initial term of 5 years which may be extended for an additional 5 years providing Remedioambiente is spending a minimum \$1 Million ("M") per year on the property. The Company retains the exclusive ownership of all mineral bodies discovered or delineated below the 2400 m level. In addition, Remedioambiente shall maintain the concessions in good standing, by paying the semi-annual concession fees, by incurring the minimum investments and the corresponding filings with the Mexican Mines Bureau, by filing statistical reports and by paying the Governmental Royalties.

- b) On January 29, 2025, the Company issued 750,000 restricted share units to the CFO of the Company pursuant to a consulting services agreement.
- c) On February 3, 2025, the Company issued 150,000 common shares pursuant to the settlement of restricted share units. The fair value of \$3,649 (CAD\$5,250) for the restricted share units vested was reallocated from share-based payment reserve to share capital.

12. Subsequent events (continued)

In February 2025, the Company announced it has entered into a binding Letter of Intent ("LOI") to option the Sarape silver-gold Project ("Sarape"), in Northern Mexico from AALI. The 57 square kilometer Sarape Project is located in the Rio Sonora Valley of northern Mexico, an emerging gold-silver mining district that includes First Majestic Silver's Santa Elena Mine, Premier Gold Mines' Mercedes Mine and SilverCrest Metal's (TSX: SIL) Las Chispas Mine (recently purchased by Coeur Mining (NYSE: CDE) for C\$2.4 billion). This strategic move bolsters the Company's Mexican portfolio of high-level, low-sulphidation epithermal precious metal assets, offering considerable exploration potential in a proven high-grade silver and gold district.

LOI Terms:

The LOI gives Xali Gold the right to earn 90% interest in the Sarape Project by:

- 1) Issuing 1,000,000 shares to AALI on signing a Definitive Agreement;
- 2) Paying a total of CDN\$450,000 in cash payments to AALI in stages upon closing financings to fund drilling at Sarape; not to exceed 10% of each financing;
- 3) Partial earn-in of 51% interest in Sarape once Xali Gold has completed 10,000m of drilling by issuing 26.6M shares (19% of shares outstanding on date of signing)
- Second earn-in of 70% interest in Sarape by completing an additional 5,000m of drilling and issuing an additional 21M shares (15% of shares outstanding), and the full CDN\$450,000 has been paid;
- 5) A final interest of 90% in Sarape upon completing an additional 5,000m of drilling (cumulative total of 20,000m) and an additional 91.4M shares are issued (total of 140M, which is 50% of shares outstanding on date of signing);
- 6) All shares issued to AALI are subject to sale limitations and may be distributed to AALI shareholders when issued.

Xali Gold anticipates the timing for the earn-in of the 90% interest to be between 12-18 months post regulatory approval. The Project is subject to a 1.5% Net Smelter Return, with no current buyout option. All transactions are subject to applicable stock exchange approvals, third party consents and shareholder approvals for each of AALI and Xali Gold, as may be required.